



Spec-Pro 1000 Interior Latex Eggshell (31201 formula)

Spec-Pro 1000 Interior Latex Eggshell: A latex eggshell wall, ceiling and trim enamel formulated to meet the requirements of painters, building contractors and building managers. Delivers high production with good dry hide and application properties. Ideal for use on interior and exterior walls, ceilings and trim surfaces in new and maintenance applications.

Recommended Substrates: Wood, Concrete, Plaster, Masonry, Steel, Galvanized Metal & Aluminum

Application: Mix thoroughly before use. May be applied by brush (synthetic), roller (3/8" to 1/2" nap) or spray. No thining required. For airless spray, use a .015"-.017" tip. Adjust pressure as needed. Do not apply when the surface or air temperature is below 50°F (10°C) or when temperatures are expected to drop below 50°F (10°C) within 48 hours of application. Do not apply if rain, snow or lower temperatures are expected within 48 hours. Provide good ventilation and warmth for normal drying. Check temperature requirements on any accompanying primer used.

Product Type: Vinyl-Acrylic Resin Volume Solids: $-29\% \pm 1\%$ Weight Solids: $-42\% \pm 1\%$ Sheen: Eggshell VOC: 50 g/L (.42 lbs/gal) Dry Film Thickness: 1.2 - 1.5 mils Wet Film Thickness: 4.0 - 5.3 mils

Dry Time at 77°F at 50% relative humidity: to touch = 30-60 minutes; recoat = 2-4 hours; Low temperature, high humidity, thick films or poor ventilation will increase these times.

Coverage: Approximately 300-400 sq. ft./gal. actual coverage may vary depending on substrate and aplication method.

Clean Up: Clean immeditely with warm, soapy water.

Disposal: Contact your local environmental regulatory agency for guidance on disposal of unused product. Do not pour down a drain or storm sewer.

General Surface Preparation: All surfaces must be sound, dry, clean and free of oil, grease, dirt, mildew, form release agents, curing compounds, loose and flaking paint and other foreign substances. Mold and mildew must be treated and any residues removed. Dull any glossy surfaces, repair damaged areas with appropriate patching material, and allow to dry. Prime all new surfaces and repaired areas with an appropriate primer. WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust or fumes. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST OR FUMES CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a properly fitted NIOSH-approved respirator and prevent skin contact to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the USEPA National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov./lead.

Warning: Causes eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation. Contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer and other lung damage if inhaled. May be harmful if swallowed. When tinted, contains ethylene glycol which can cause severe kidney damage when ingested and has been shown to cause birth defects in laboratory animals. Use only with adequate ventilation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Note: These warnings encompass the product series. Prior to use, read and follow product specific MSDS and label information. If sanding, wear a dust mask to avoid breathing of sanding dust. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Ensure fresh air entry during aplication and drying. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. If you experience eye watering, headaches, or dizziness, leave the area. If properly used, a respirator may offer additional protection. Obtain professional advice before using. Close container after each use. FIRST AID: For skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If any product remains, gently rub with petroleum jelly, vegetable or mineral/baby oil then wash again with soap and water. Repeat as needed. Remove contaminated clothing. For eye contact, flush immeditely with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention immediately. If inhalation causes discomfort, remove to fresh air. If discomfort persists or breathing difficulty occurs, get medical attention. KEEP FROM FREEZING.